

# Introduction to Drupal 8 Development

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# Who am I

- Drupal developer in Gov
- DrupalACT organizer
- Presenter in different Drupal/PHP conferences
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# The changes in Drupal 8 we know

- Symfony (OOP)
- CMI (workflow)
- Twig (Theme)
- Backbone.js (Inline editor)
- REST (Third party integration)
- ...

# For frontend developers

- Preprocess functions
- Twig
- Libraries.yml
- backbone.js



# Preprocess functions

## **Good news:**

The preprocess functions from Drupal 7 remain in Drupal 8.

So we can use `THEME_preprocess_page`, etc.

Use `template_preprocess_hook` in your module.

# Twig

Variables from `hook_theme` are available in `.twig` files like the old `tpl.php` files.

Filters are available in twig files -- logic in twig.

*Learn twig: <http://twig.sensiolabs.org/documentation>*

# Add css and JS

No more `drupal_add_css` and `drupal_add_js`. Always use render array. (You should have been using it in Drupal 7 anyway)

Register css and js in `libraries.yml` and attach the library in your render array.

Always think about cache when you render something

# Add css and JS

```
cuddly-slider:  
  version: 1.x  
  css:  
    theme:  
      css/cuddly-slider.css: {}  
  js:  
    js/cuddly-slider.js: {}
```

```
return array(  
  '#theme' => 'your_module_theme_id',  
  '#someVariable' => $some_variable,  
  '#attached' => array(  
    'library' => array(  
      'your_module/library_name'  
    ),  
  ),  
);
```

Reference: <https://www.drupal.org/developing/api/8/assets>



# Caching tags

```
$renderer = \Drupal::service('renderer');  
  
$config = \Drupal::config('system.site');  
  
$build = [  
  '#prefix' => '',  
  '#markup' => t('Hi, welcome back to @site!', [  
    '@site' => $config->get('name'),  
  ]),  
  '#suffix' => '',  
];  
$renderer->addCacheableDependency($build, $config);
```

Reference: <https://www.drupal.org/developing/api/8/render/arrays/cacheability>

# Backbone.js

Inline editor

Model - View pattern

Reference: <http://backbonejs.org/>

# The challenge for a Drupal 7 developer

From process oriented  
programming to object  
oriented programming

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# The basic of symfony

From routing to controller

# No more hook\_menu

```
example.content:  
  path: '/example'  
  defaults:  
    _controller: '\Drupal\example\Controller\ExampleController::content'  
    _title: 'Hello World'  
  requirements:  
    _permission: 'access content'
```

Put the routing info in your module.routing.yml

# No more hook\_menu

Put your menu callback in your  
controller

*Reference:*

<https://www.drupal.org/node/2116767>

```
namespace Drupal\example\Controller;

use Drupal\Core\Controller\ControllerBase;

/**
 * An example controller.
 */
class ExampleController extends ControllerBase {

    /**
     * {@inheritdoc}
     */
    public function content() {
        $build = array(
            '#type' => 'markup',
            '#markup' => t('Hello World!'),
        );
        return $build;
    }

}
```

# No more hook\_menu (for form callback)

```
example.form:  
  path: '/example-form'  
  defaults:  
    _title: 'Example form'  
    _form: '\Drupal\example\Form\ExampleForm'  
  requirements:  
    _permission: 'access content'
```

Put the routing info in your module.routing.yml

# No more hook\_menu (form callback)

Put your menu callback in your  
controller

Reference:

<https://www.drupal.org/node/2117411>

```
/**
 * @file
 * Contains \Drupal\example\Form\ExampleForm.
 */

namespace Drupal\example\Form;

use Drupal\Core\Form\FormBase;
use Drupal\Core\Form\FormStateInterface;

/**
 * Implements an example form.
 */
class ExampleForm extends FormBase {

  /**
   * {@inheritdoc}
   */
  public function getFormId() {
    return 'example_form';
  }

  /**
   * {@inheritdoc}
   */
  public function buildForm(array $form, FormStateInterface $form_state) {
    $form['phone_number'] = array(
      '#type' => 'tel',
      '#title' => $this->t('Your phone number'),
    );
    $form['actions']['#type'] = 'actions';
    $form['actions']['submit'] = array(
      '#type' => 'submit',
      '#value' => $this->t('Save'),
      '#button_type' => 'primary',
    );
    return $form;
  }
}
```



# No more hook\_menu (for form callback)

```
/**
 * {@inheritdoc}
 */
public function validateForm(array &$form, FormStateInterface $form_state) {
    if (strlen($form_state->getValue('phone_number')) < 3) {
        $form_state->setErrorByName('phone_number', $this->t('The phone number is too
short. Please enter a full phone number.'));
    }
}

/**
 * {@inheritdoc}
 */
public function submitForm(array &$form, FormStateInterface $form_state) {
    drupal_set_message($this->t('Your phone number is @number', array('@number' =>
$form_state->getValue('phone_number'))));
}
}
```

# Services

To replace the Drupal module **APIs**

# Drupal services

## Drupal 8 token example

```
$token_service = \Drupal::token();  
// Replace the token for subject.  
$email_auth = $token_service->replace($config['recipient'], array('comment' => $entity));
```

## Drupal 7 token example

```
// print node id  
print token_replace('[node:nid]', array('node' => $node));
```

# Drupal API

Living in the classes now !

# Drupal API

l() and url() are removed in favor of a routing based URL generation API

Drupal 7:

```
// Internal path.  
$internal_link = l(t('Book admin'), 'admin/structure/book');
```

Drupal 8:

```
// Internal path (defined by a route in Drupal 8).  
use Drupal\Core\Url;  
$url = Url::fromRoute('book.admin');  
$internal_link = \Drupal::l(t('Book admin'), $url);
```

*Reference:*

<https://www.drupal.org/node/2346779>

# The workflow to port your module to D8

1. Find your API in D7
2. Use the Drupal change record to find the change
3. Use the suggested example to rewrite

*Reference:*

<https://www.drupal.org/list-changes/drupal>

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# Plugins

An interface that you can implement

# Block

## Annotation

*Reference:*

[https://www.drupal.org/developing/api/8/block\\_api](https://www.drupal.org/developing/api/8/block_api)

```
namespace Drupal\fax\Plugin\Block;

use Drupal\Core\Block\BlockBase;

/**
 * Provides a 'Fax' block.
 *
 * @Block(
 *   id = "fax_block",
 *   admin_label = @Translation("Fax block"),
 * )
 */
class FaxBlock extends BlockBase {
  // Override BlockPluginInterface methods here.
}
```



# Block

Build function from blockbase  
interface

*Reference:*

[https://www.drupal.org/developing/api/8/block\\_api](https://www.drupal.org/developing/api/8/block_api)

```
/**
 * {@inheritdoc}
 */
public function build() {

  $config = $this->getConfiguration();
  $fax_number = isset($config['fax_number']) ? $config['fax_number'] : '';
  return array(
    '#markup' => $this->t('The fax number is @number!', array('@number' =>
      $fax_number)),
  );
}
```

# Workflow changes

No more features

# Drupal CMI

Before:

1. Make your config change locally
2. Generate features module
3. Commit your code
4. Enable your features module

After:

1. Make your config change locally
  2. Drush cex
  3. Commit your code
  4. Drush cim
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# Case study

**Define a content filter to convert text into links to a taxonomy term page.**

**For example, we want to turn all ‘Drupal’ words in node body into links to the ‘Drupal’ tag page.**

# Solution in Drupal 7

Hook\_filter\_info to define a new filter

- **Settings callback** – settings form if there is any settings I put a link to our config page here
- **Tips callback** – tips text
- **Process callback** – the function that replace the text
- A configuration page to allow user to choose which vocabulary we need to replace with.  
(hook\_menu and callback)

```
function hook_filter_info() {  
  $filters['filter_html'] = array(  
    'title' => t('Limit allowed HTML tags'),  
    'description' => t('Allows you to restrict the HT  
such as JavaScript events, JavaScript URLs and CSS st  
    'process callback' => '_filter_html',  
    'settings callback' => '_filter_html_settings',  
    'default settings' => array(  
      'allowed_html' => '<a> <em> <strong> <cite> <bl  
      'filter_html_help' => 1,  
      'filter_html_nofollow' => 0,  
    ),  
    'tips callback' => '_filter_html_tips',  
  );  
}
```

*Reference:*

[https://api.drupal.org/api/drupal/modules%21filter%21filter.api.php/function/hook\\_filter\\_info/7.x](https://api.drupal.org/api/drupal/modules%21filter%21filter.api.php/function/hook_filter_info/7.x)

# Our D7 code

```
/**
 * Implements hook_filter_info().
 */
function termfilter_filter_info() {
  $filters = array();

  $filters['termfilter'] = array(
    'title'          => t('Term filter'),
    'description'     => termfilter_help('admin/modules#description', array()),
    'process callback' => '_filter_termfilter_process',
    'settings callback' => '_filter_termfilter_settings',
    'tips callback'   => '_filter_termfilter_tips',
    'default settings' => array(),
  );

  return $filters;
}
```

# Our D7 code

```
/**
 * Serves as hook_filter_info() process operation callback.
 * Searches for whitelisted terms and replaces them with <a> tags.
 *
 * @param $text
 *   the text to be filtered
 * @param $filter
 *   the filter data
 *
 * @return
 *   returns the text, processed by the filter
 */
function _filter_termfilter_process($text) {
    $list = _termfilter_list();
    return _termfilter_perform_subs($text, $list);
}
```

# Our D7 code

```
function termfilter_menu() {
    $items = array();

    $items['admin/config/content/termfilter'] = array(
        'title' => 'Term filter',
        'description' => 'Replaces terms inside posts with A tags.',
        'page arguments' => array('termfilter_admin_list'),
        'page callback' => 'drupal_get_form',
        'access arguments' => array('administer terms filtered'),
    );

    return $items;
}

function termfilter_admin_list($form, &$form_state) {

    $vocab_list = taxonomy_vocabulary_get_names();
    $checklist_vocab_array = array();
    foreach ($vocab_list as $item) {
        $key = $item->machine_name;
        $value = $item->name;
        $checklist_vocab_array[$key] = $value;
    }

    $form['termfilter_vocablist'] = array(
        '#type' => 'radios',
        '#title' => t('Select the vocabulary you want to filter.'),
        '#position' => 'left',
        '#options' => $checklist_vocab_array,
        '#default_value' => variable_get('termfilter_vocablist'),
    );

    return system_settings_form($form);
}
```



# Our D8 code

- Check the Drupal change record for hook\_filter\_info
- Result page <https://www.drupal.org/node/2015901>
- Create your filter plugin class and copy the code in
- Check the Drupal change record for hook\_menu
- Jump to IDE ...
- Jump to D8 site ...

# Conclusion

- Drupal 8 is a complete rewrite. For developer with no knowledge of Object Oriented Programming (OOP), it is even harder to understand how it works
- For a D7 develop to onboard quickly, [Drupal change record](#) is a bypass that we can use the examples directly
- For JAVA, C++, developers, welcome to Drupal community!

# What will I do next?

Go start to port a module.

Let me know if I can help.

The complete module code in this presentation:

[https://github.com/rujiali/Drupal\\_term\\_filter](https://github.com/rujiali/Drupal_term_filter)

